

ON THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, IN THE YEAR OF OUR LORD ONE THOUSAND eight hundred and sixty-three, all persons held as slaves within any State or designated part of a State the people whereof shall then be in rebellion against the United States, shall be then, thenceforward, and forever free; and the Executive Government of the United States, in

The "15TH" Back Home!



THE STRONGEST BOND OF HUMAN SYMPATHY, OUTSIDE OF THE FAMILY RELATION, should be one uniting all working people, of all nations, and tongues, and kindreds. Nor should this lead to a war upon property, or the owners of property. Property is the fruit of labor; property is desirable; is a positive good in the world. That some should be rich shows that others may become rich and hence is just encouragement to industry and enterprise. Let not him who is houseless pull down the house of another, but let him work diligently and build one for himself. —Lincoln to a committee of New York workingmen; March 24, 1864.



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FOCH CARRIES NEW TERMS TO THE GERMANS

SOUTHERN REDS SPEEDING HERE FOR EXILE

NEW YORK COLORED TROOPS, HOME WITH WAR HONORS, GET ROUSING WELCOME

Col. Hayward and 1,000 Men of 1st Battalion Land From Stockholm.
LEADER PRAISES MEN.
Second Battalion Reaches Port Later on Regina—Go to Camp Upton.

Two thousand black-skinned, white souled, red blooded Yankees—part of what is left of Col. Bill Hayward's old 15th New York Regiment—came back home to-day, having helped to put the fear of God in the Germans, and received a reception they will remember for as a mingling of jazz, ragtime, and the camp-meeting of their daddies.

There were 29 officers and 1,019 enlisted men of the regiment—known in the American Expeditionary Forces as the 36th Infantry—on the Swedish steamship Stockholm, which anchored at Quarantine at 2:15 A. M., proceeded up at 10 o'clock, and docked at the foot of West 34th Street at 10:30. Col. Hayward came on the ship with his regimental headquarters company and the 1st Battalion composed of Companies A, B, C and D.

Five hours later the Regina came up the Hudson River, bringing 951 men of the 2d Battalion, Companies E, F, G and H, and the supply company of the 36th. The Regina reached Quarantine shortly after 2 o'clock and started for the dock at 2nd Street fifteen minutes later.

The colored men, whose fame as the American regiment having spent the largest number of days under fire has travelled around the world, were met down the bay by 1,000 representative Afro-Americans. A great crowd went down the harbor at an early hour on the municipal boat Correction to meet the Stockholm. There was a private party from colored swiftness on the tug A. J. Pringle. The Mayor's Committee was out, too, on the police boat Patrol. The same reception was repeated in the afternoon for the Regina.

It was a day of days for Lieut. Jim Europe of the 13th, the only colored officer in the regiment. Lieut. Jim and his bandmen, who were on the first ship, had been preparing for this day for weeks and months. The way they cut loose with ragtime and jazz had not only every foot in the harbor but ever ship in the harbor keeping time with the music. One or two of the soldiers are ready to take oath that the Goddess of Liberty was wiggling with the rest of them.

The men went at once to Camp Upton, joining the 2d Battalion, which arrived Sunday. They will be mustered out as quickly as possible.

HAYWARD PRAISES CONDUCT OF HIS MEN.

"The men of the old 15th," Col. Hayward said to reporters while the command was making ready for Camp Upton, "are among the finest soldiers in the world. Of the 56 officers and 2,000 men who left this port we have left 90 officers and 1,200 men. A few of our officers have been trans-

GIRLS CAN SMOKE IN VASSAR GROUNDS NOT IN THEIR COTS

Decision Reached a Week Ago—Armistice Gives Permission to Keep Up Old Custom.

An armistice has been signed between the smokers and non-smokers of Vassar College. The matter was thrashed out a week ago and a decision was reached which now prohibits smoking by the girls in dormitories, but they can smoke elsewhere.

There are more than 1,100 girls at Vassar. Smoking has been a secret pastime of approximately one-quarter of the student body. The other three-quarters protested against the use of the weed. The college faculty had never taken action. According to information from a certain Mr. Johnson, publicity man for the college, it is not denied that the trustees were aware of smoking by the girls, but, he said, they had never seen fit to bring it up before the student body.

But—nothing was embodied in the resolution to prohibit smoking by the girls at other places than the dormitories. Consequently the girls are availing themselves of many of the secluded nooks in or near the spaciuous grounds. Probably the most patronized is a place called Sunset Hill. Here the girls are wont to gather and puff at their dainty and perfumed cork tip or plain cigarettes, unmolested by the trustees or the Warden, Miss J. C. Palmer.

At a meeting at which the resolution was passed many of the girls protested, and claimed they had the same inherent right to smoke, as did their fathers and brothers. A committee of these protesters wrote to Dr. Biess, State Commissioner of Health, asking advice about the use of nicotine. It is said the eminent doctor replied that cigarettes were harmful, and he advocated the use of cigars and pipes, which, however, the girls considered extremely "unwomanly."

Vassar College is said to be the only woman's college which has heretofore recognized that girls smoked. In fact, all questions concerning the welfare of the girls while at college have always been placed directly before the students themselves. Questions which have previously come in for action by the students have been the right and privilege of having midnight suppers in their rooms, weekly dances and the like.

CAPT. FRYATT KILLING LAID TO GERMAN ADMIRAL

Berlin Freiheit Says Schroeder Put U Boat Commanders on Court Martial.

BERLIN, Feb. 12.—The Freiheit charged to-day that Admiral Schroeder was directly responsible for the death of Capt. Fryatt, commander of a British merchant steamer, who was executed for ramming and sinking a German submarine.

Schroeder is alleged to have appointed U boat commanders as members of the court martial and to have declared, "I wish this man shot."

Laid Child They Killed On Sidewalk and Drove Away in an Ambulance



GAMBLING RAIDERS IN HENRY'S DISTRICT GO OVER HIS HEAD

Daly and McDonald's Men Invade 77th Street House and Nab Two.

Police Inspector Henry, who said recently that there was no gambling in his district, learned something this morning. His teachers were not his own detectives, but three others who, "over his head," as they say in police circles, raided a sober looking brownstone house at No. 127 West 77th Street and interloped with the gambling plans of a number of gentlemen in evening clothes.

Another raid, also over Inspector Henry's head, was made last night on another brownstone house—also sober looking—at No. 115 West 54th Street. Detectives who made the raid charged the place is a disorderly house. Inspector Henry to-day declared he did not know anything about the raids.

One of the gentlemen taken in the gambling raid on the 77th Street house, who gave the name of Frank Jones, is accused of seeking not only amusement but profit. He was held in \$1,500 bail in the West Side Court this morning on charges of gambling and having heroin in his pocket. And one giant Father—also in evening dress—though he was only the doorman—was held in \$1,000 bail. The detectives say they saw a number of other gentlemen in broad white shirt fronts stumped for the back door and es-

FOCH OFF TO-NIGHT WITH NEW TERMS FOR THE GERMANS

Clauses Drawn Up by Committee Passed Upon To-Day by Allied War Council.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Marshal Foch will leave to-night for Treves, bearing certain new conditions for continuation of the armistice. The German Commission, headed by Matthias Erzberger, is already at Treves.

The committee charged with drawing up the additional clauses completed its task last night and to-day submitted them to the Supreme War Council. Whether or not the German Government insists on discussing the new terms signatures of the German commissioners will be required before Feb. 17, when the armistice expires.

Whether obstructionists will gain a temporary victory by blocking final adoption of the constitution of the League of Nations prior to President Wilson's departure for the United States, as well as further stirring up Paris with a war scare, is still in doubt.

The League of Nations committee is scheduled to take final action to-morrow on the constitution, the draft of which was being put in shape by a sub-committee to-day. The committee's work will be hampered by the fact that many of the amendments presented at recent meetings—two entirely new articles have been added to the original twenty-two—are not yet entirely agreed on.

The amendments to the league constitution are understood to have been introduced largely by the French. They are developing an actual distrust of President Wilson, who is insinuated to be defending the Germans and Bolsheviks. This feeling not only has been demonstrated in the French press but is alleged to have developed in various committees.

BELGIUM PUTS IN CLAIM FOR GERMAN TERRITORY

Also Asks Peace Council to Provide for Free Navigation of Scheldt.

PARIS, Feb. 12 (Havas).—The Belgian claims as placed before the Supreme Council yesterday include a demand for the return to Belgium of some territory held by Germany, in addition to request for free navigation of the Scheldt and the restitution of certain territory held by the Dutch.

The German districts demanded are Moulins and Malmédy, just east of the present Belgian-German border. The population of these districts is mainly Walloon, and their possession by Belgium, it was pointed out, would deprive Germany of an outlet for a new invasion of Belgium.

ODELL ASSAILED IN ALBANY.

Attacked by McEue Before Ice Control is Abolished.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The administration of former Gov. Benjamin H. Odell as State Ice Commissioner was severely criticized by Assemblyman Martin J. McEue, Democrat, of New York to-day, prior to the passage by the Assembly of the McEue bill, abolishing the office. The bill passed unanimously. Mr. McEue declared that Mr. Odell had "brought more harm to the city of New York than any other man in your time or in my time."

Absentee Voting Bill Passed.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The Martin bill proposing an amendment to the State Constitution under which persons whose occupations unavoidably occasion their absence from their districts on Election Day would be permitted to vote was passed by the Assembly to-day without opposition.

TRAINS OF SOUTHERN REDS SPEEDING TO NEW YORK WITH I. W. W.'S FOR DEPORTATION

Commissioner of Immigration Announces That 8,000 Must Go, and Will Use Ellis Island as Starting Point—Large Number Already Are In Federal Custody.

While an attorney claiming to represent the Industrial Workers of the World was preparing to-day to ask for the release of the 54 Reds taken to Ellis Island yesterday under guard, reports reached New York from Chicago and Fort Worth, Tex., that other prison trains for Ellis Island are being made up or are on their way.

Including the enemy aliens interned at various times while the war was on, about 8,000 anti-Americans, resident in the United States, will be headed for Europe under guard, it is said, before the movement inaugurated by the Immigration Bureau of the Department of Labor is ended.

Fort Worth reported to-day the passing of a train from the coast with thirty I. W. W.'s, or Bolsheviks, picked up in San Francisco, Tucson, El Paso, San Antonio and Dallas. The men are bound for Ellis Island.

Chicago wired that two parties are being rounded up there. The first, whose members were gathered in at Helena, Minneapolis, St. Louis and Kansas City, will come to Ellis Island. The second, made up in large part of Mexicans and Chinese, will be deported by way of New Orleans. The Chinese will be sent home via the Panama Canal.

Until the adoption of the Caminetti amendment to the Immigration Act it was possible to send out of the country only those who were known to be "alien anarchists." The amendment makes it possible to send home aliens who are members of Anarchistic "and similar classes."

NATION-WIDE ROUND-UP TO CONTINUE, IT IS SAID.

It was pointed out to-day that there are accommodations at Ellis Island for 4,000 people. The nationwide round-up of undesirable aliens will continue, it is said, until every known advocate of anarchy and the destruction of property is on his way to the land he came from. Every malcontent who thinks he can run the U. S. A. better than the American people themselves is on Uncle Sam's list of those who are about to leave us.

The Commission of Immigration said at Washington that:

He had arrested large numbers of persons during the war and held them in the various stations of the Bureau, because of his inability to deport them to countries at war or for a lack of transportation. This has resulted in an accumulation of undesirable aliens.

John Lord O'Brien, Special Assistant Attorney General, in charge of the enforcement of the Espionage and other war acts, declared to-day that where aliens ordered deported resist and go to court his department will represent the Department of Labor. He explained that the Federal laws do not extend to most of the disorder caused by Americans of Bolshevik tendencies. The State authorities have to deal with them. Under the Immigration Act, he declared, it is possible to rid the country of all alien Anarchists.

"One of the subjects that gave the officials of the Immigration Bureau great concern during the last two years was that relating to the activity of alien Anarchists and persons of